

<アメリカ政治、現代政治>

ニクソン政権期データベース

The Nixon Years, 1969-1974

Complete FCO 7 and FCO 82 files from The National Archives, Kew

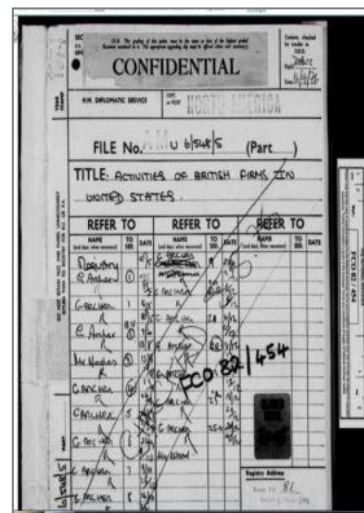


英米間で行われた最重要の会議と報告資料が本コレクションの中心をなしています。社会情勢や内政改革、輸出入、文化、自然環境についても豊かな資料を収録しています。

本コレクション所収の文書類は、冷戦が生んだ数々の危機にたいしてニクソン大統領が打った手立てや、彼の統治下で達成した目をみはるべき発展や、あるいは徐々に増えていった矛盾した行動、慣例にない行政権の使用（その最たるものはウォーターゲート事件でしょう）とそれに向けられた弾劾などを、英国・ヨーロッパ・イギリス連邦がどう見ていたかを学者や研究者が評価を下す足がかりとなるでしょう。

多くの資料は次のような外交問題を中心に扱っています。

- ・ ヴェトナム戦争とパリ平和会議
- ・ 中国—ニクソン大統領の 1972 年の訪中は 25 年にわたって続いていた両国の国交断絶を終わらせ、1979 年に国交が樹立されるきっかけとなりました
- ・ 中東—イスラエルに対する大規模な援助、アメリカの中東政策の見直し、穏健派のアラブ諸国との関係改善（これは、1972 年のエジプト大統領サダトによるソ連の顧問の追放や、1974 年にニクソン大統領の中東諸国訪問につながりました）
- ・ ソ連との外交の正式化、例えば毎年開かれたサミットなど
- ・ 対弾道弾ミサイルや戦略兵器制限条約
- ・ 日本への沖縄返還
- ・ ラテン・アメリカのいくつかの国との関係



(Adam Matthew Digital, GBR / 日本総代理店：丸善雄松堂)

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- 正式なお見積もりは、別途ご用命ください。

日本総代理店

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以下のようなニクソン大統領の内政に関する資料も数多く収録しています。

- ・環境保護庁の設立
- ・投票権法の廃止と市民権に対するリベラルな政策
- ・連邦政府のネイティブ・アメリカン政策の見直し
- ・がん撲滅運動
- ・ニュー・フェデラリズムー中小企業への援助と福祉の建て直し

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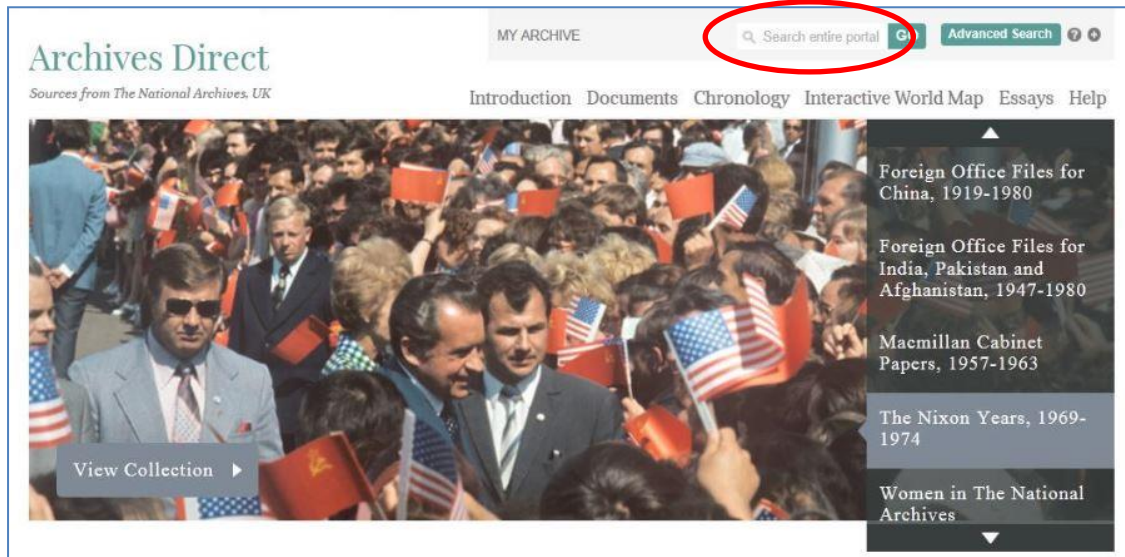
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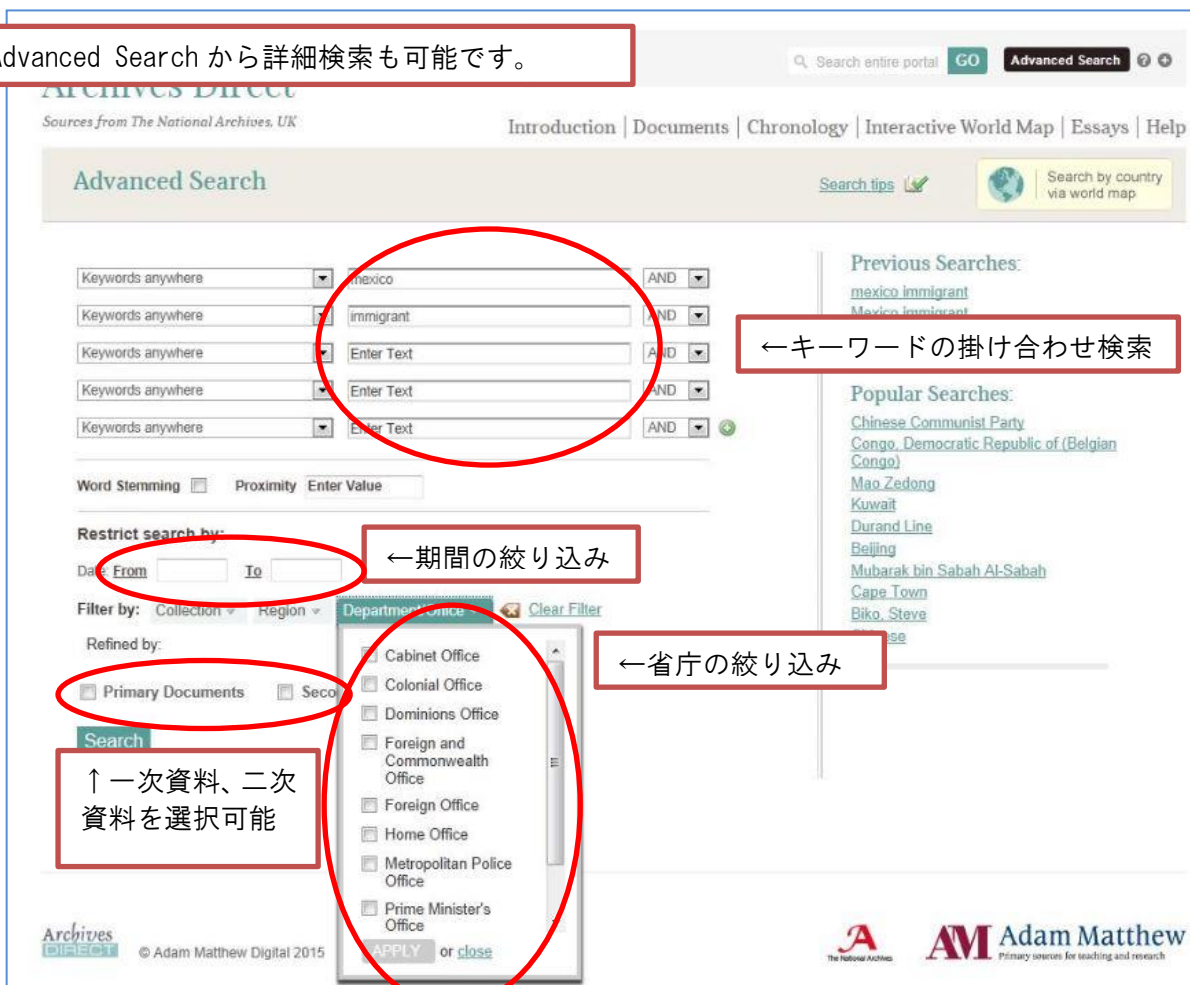
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Refined by: The Nixon Years, 1969-1974 Page: 1 of 2 Next Jump to page GO

Reference	Title	Date	Collection
FCO 7/1803	1969 Annual Review (1970)	1970	The Nixon Years, 1969-1974
FCO 82/545	The 94th Congress of the United States (1975)	1975	The Nixon Years, 1969-1974
FCO 82/454	Activities of B		

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If Italian Colonies are the main do not, considering previously similar to that of the 19th century.

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ing on operations foreign to avoid operations with the but, or in account of third present in taking over the and control, led by the

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new character and character, in the interests of his, made to obtain work, and I understood they are now doing well. The only case of a finished immigrant, which has recently come to my knowledge was that of

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dollars and there were serious dangers of a crisis unless a programme of development could be embarked upon. In the second place, the end of the war and the subsequent massive peace expenditures had produced a dangerous feeling of disillusionment among Latin American peoples which

instrument, with the necessary modifications in this sense, would be adopted by the conference at Bogota, although by expressed some doubts as to whether public opinion in the United States was showing any particular enthusiasm for granting the help that would be needed. He remarked

tion made by the Foreign Minister of Peru, which had just been published in the Mexican press, for mass immigration from Europe into Latin America and for the expatriation of a large part of American help for Europe on the settlement of immigrants in this continent. Señor Torres Boleit had two special criticisms to make concerning this scheme, firstly that it is a long term plan that would give no immediate relief to pressing needs; secondly, that while some countries, like Peru, might be able to receive immigrants in large numbers without creating unemployment and economic stress, there were countries, like Mexico, for which the problem of unemployment was already becoming large. Mexico was already in a position, and anxious, to export labour and therefore did not require to import it. However, Señor Torres Boleit thought that

9. The direct or implied criticism of American "imperialism" in many such schemes apparently aimed to achieve the dual object of satisfying the public dislike of United States influence and of guiding the United States into buying Latin American goodwill. There is, however, small possibility that, in Bogota or elsewhere, Mexico would seriously consider sacrificing any of the benefits of close association with the United States for a sentimental attachment to Latin America. Thus, while Mexico will continue to trumpet her attachment to its cause, and

particularly in one of the countries, her real objective is to secure a continuation of United States financial support, while aiming to avoid direct United States tutelage by means of the cushioning provided by a Pan-American Charter and economic agreement. It is where Mexico is concerned, a somewhat half-hearted attempt to escape from the American web, and, however, her population of a nation, dealing with her sister republic, Mexico in any conflict of opinion, cannot but remain, albeit professing, within the United States orbit on account of the geographical proximity of a weaker to a stronger and more vigorous neighbour, the economic penetration of the country and her increasing dependence on United States financial support. These are overriding factors against which mere sentiment can be of little avail, and there is good reason to think that the position is clearly understood by the present Mexican Government.

A copy of this dispatch has been sent to His Majesty's Ambassador at Washington. I have, Sir,

T. C. BAFF

AN 1132/900/26 No. 4
LABOUR POLICY OF THE MEXICAN GOVERNMENT
Mr. Rosas to Mr. Boleit. (Received 16th March)

iv, v vi, vii viii, ix x 2, 3 4, 5

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Reference	
Department/Office	Foreign Office
Title	Affairs of the River Plate Correspondence.
Date	1846-1848
Region	South America
Countries	Argentina, Uruguay
Places	Argentina; Bahia; Brazil; Falkland Islands; France; La Paz; Lisbon; London; Madrid; Montevideo; Paraguay; Paris; Patagonia; Portugal; Rio de Janeiro; River Plate, Spain; United Kingdom; United States; Uruguay
People	Aberdeen, 4th Earl of (George Hamilton-Gordon); Orléans, Manuel; Palmerston, 3rd Viscount (Henry Temple); Rosas, Juan Manuel de
Topics	administration; army; assassination; banking; battle; bonds; boundary; British Government; business; Catholicism; church; civil war; communications; concessions; conferences; conquest; constitution; currency; diplomacy; diplomatic representation; education; elections; emigration; empire; evacuation; execution; exile; exports; food; forts; gauchos; governor; guano; independence; invasion; junta; justice; labour; language; loans; migration; military; mining; navigation; navy; oil; parliament; piracy; refugees; republic; revolt; revolution; riots and disturbances; roads; ships; sieges; slavery; telegraph lines; trade; transport; treaty; war; women
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